### **ORDINANCE NO. 20351**

AN ORDINANCE UPDATING THE GOAL 5 INVENTORY WITHIN THE EUGENE CITY LIMITS: ADOPTING THE GOAL 5 WATER RESOURCES CONSERVATION PLAN WITHIN THE EUGENE CITY LIMITS; REPEALING ORDINANCE NO. 20296; AMENDING SECTIONS 9.0500, 9.1040, 9.2751, 9.6885 9.7025, 9.7055, 9.7105, 9.7205, 9.7230, 9.7305, 9.7810, 9.8025, 9.8030, 9.8055, 9.8215, 9.8220, 9.8320, 9.8325, 9.8415, 9.8460, 9.8465, 9.8470, 9.8515, 9.8520, 9.8855, AND 9.8865 OF THE EUGENE CODE, 1971; ADDING NEW SECTIONS 9.8472 AND 9.8474; AND ADDING NEW SECTIONS 9.4900 THROUGH 9.4980 TO THAT CODE TO **ESTABLISH** Α WATER RESOURCES CONSERVATION OVERLAY ZONE; AMENDING THE EUGENE OVERLAY ZONE MAP; ADOPTING A SEVERABILITY CLAUSE; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

# The City Council of the City of Eugene finds that:

- A. Statewide Planning Goal Five requires local governments to protect significant riparian corridors, upland wildlife habitat and wetlands. In order to conserve these resources and the biological systems they contain and support, this Ordinance adopts provisions to conserve the physical resources and also protect the water quality within the resource areas as a fundamental and essential requirement for continued survival of these biological systems.
- **B.** Ordinance No. 20296, adopted by the Council and approved by the Mayor on July 28, 2003, adopted as Exhibit A to that Ordinance, a list of criteria for use in determining the significance of riparian corridor sites and upland wildlife habitat sites for purposes of updating the Goal 5 inventory within the Eugene city limits. The list of criteria is now more appropriately located in the Goal 5 Water Resources Conservation Plan.
- C. Exhibit B to Ordinance No. 20296 is a list and a map, both entitled "Goal 5 Riparian and Upland Wildlife Habitat Sites Within the Eugene Urban Growth Boundary." The list and map, which updated the inventory of significant riparian corridor sites and upland wildlife habitat sites based on the criteria listed in Exhibit A to Ordinance No. 20296, are now more appropriately included in the Goal 5 Water Resource Conservation Plan. Further, updates to the list and map are needed to more accurately depict the location and/or acreage of some of the riparian corridor and upland wildlife habitat sites and to remove from the inventory a portion of site E-76, which an order of the Land Conservation and Development Commission determined had not been demonstrated to meet the definition of a riparian area under Oregon Administrative Rules.

- **D.** The City has conducted, and the Oregon Department of State Lands (DSL) has approved, a local wetlands inventory (LWI) using the standards and procedures of OAR 141-086-0110 et seq. The City has determined which wetlands on the LWI are "significant wetlands" for purposes of Statewide Planning Goal 5 using the criteria adopted by DSL for that purpose (OAR 141-086-0350). The City is required to adopt an inventory of these significant wetlands.
- E. In addition to the inventories of riparian, upland wildlife habitat and wetland sites referred to above, the following inventories make up the entire inventory of significant Goal 5 resources within the City of Eugene: the April 12, 1978 Sand and Gravel Working Paper, the April 12, 1978 Scenic Sites Working Paper, the April 12, 1978 Willamette River Greenway Working Paper, the April 12, 1978 Archeological Sites Working Paper, the December 1, 1976 list of historic land marks, and the West Eugene Wetlands Plan.

## NOW, THEREFORE.

## THE CITY OF EUGENE DOES ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

- <u>Section 1</u>. Ordinance No. 20296 is repealed, as of the effective date of this Ordinance. This repeal, however, does not affect the validity of any actions taken pursuant to the provisions of that Ordinance.
- <u>Section 2</u>. The Goal 5 Water Resources Conservation Plan attached as Exhibit A hereto, is hereby adopted as a refinement of the Eugene-Springfield Area Metropolitan Area General Plan for those areas that, as of the date this Ordinance is passed by the City Council, are located within the city limits of the City of Eugene.
- <u>Section 3.</u> As they pertain to the areas within the city limits of Eugene, the following Exhibits are adopted as findings in support of this Ordinance: (a) Conflicting Uses and ESEE analysis attached as Exhibit B, and (b) the Eugene Local Wetland Inventory, attached as Exhibit C.
- <u>Section 4</u>. Section 9.0500 of the Eugene Code, 1971, is amended by amending the definition for "Native Plants, Native Vegetation," and adding definitions of "Goal 5 Water Resource Site" and "Invasive, Non-Native Plants" in alphabetical order therein, to provide:
- 9.0500 <u>Definitions</u>. As used in this land use code, unless the context requires otherwise, the following words and phrases mean:

Goal 5 Water Resource Site. As used in EC 9.4900 to 9.4980 and 9.8030(21), the resource site as identified in the Goal 5 Water Resources Conservation Plan. For riparian corridor and upland wildlife habitat sites, the Goal 5 Water Resource Site includes the stream and riparian areas that may extend beyond applicable conservation setbacks. Wetland sites include only the wetland, itself.

See updated Chapter 9 for all coole amendments.

Ordinance - 2

- <u>Section 29</u>. The Eugene Overlay Zone Map is amended to add the /WR overlay zone to the properties as reflected on Exhibit D hereto.
- <u>Section 30</u>. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of this Ordinance is for any reason held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, that portion shall be deemed a separate, distinct, and independent provision and that holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance.
- <u>Section 31</u>. Although not part of this Ordinance, the City Council adopts the Legislative Findings set forth in the attached Exhibit E in support of this action.
- <u>Section 32</u>. The Plant List attached as Exhibit F is adopted, and amendments may be effected by administrative order of the City Manager pursuant to Section 2.019 of the Eugene Code, 1971.
- <u>Section 33.</u> Notwithstanding the effective date of ordinances as provided in the Eugene Charter of 2002, this Ordinance shall become effective upon January 1, 2006.

Passed by the City Council this

14<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2005

City Recorder

Approved by the Mayor this

 $\frac{18}{1}$  day of November, 2005

# IN THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF LANE COUNTY, OREGON

•	)	IN THE MATTER OF UPDATING THE GOAL
	)	5 INVENTORY AND ADOPTING THE
	)	GOAL 5 WATER RESOURCES
ORDINANCE NO. PA 1234	)	CONSERVATION PLAN;
	)	REPEALING ORDINANCE NO. PA 1198;
	)	AMENDING CHAPTER 10 OF LANE CODE
	)	TO AMEND PROVISIONS OF THE
	)	EUGENE LAND USE REGULATIONS AND
	)	ADD A WATER RESOURCES
	)	CONSERVATION OVERLAY ZONE FOR
	)	APPLICATION TO URBANIZABLE LANDS
	)	WITHIN THE EUGENE URBAN GROWTH
	)	AREA; APPLYING THAT ZONE TO
	)	SPECIFIC PROPERTIES; AND ADOPTING
	) .	SAVINGS AND SEVERABILITY CLAUSES.

WHEREAS, Statewide Planning Goal Five requires local governments to inventory and protect significant riparian corridors, wildlife habitat and wetlands. In order to conserve these resources and the biological systems they contain and support, this Ordinance adopts provisions to conserve the physical resources and also protect the water quality within the resource areas as a fundamental and essential requirement for continued survival of these biological systems; and

WHEREAS, Ordinance No. PA 1198, adopted by the Lane County Board of County Commissioners on April 14, 2004, adopted as Exhibit A to that Ordinance, a list of criteria for use in determining the significance of riparian corridor sites and wildlife habitat sites for purposes of updating the Goal 5 inventory within the Eugene Urban Growth Area. The list of criteria is now more appropriately located in the Goal 5 Water Resources Conservation Plan; and

WHEREAS, Exhibit B to Ordinance No. PA 1198 is a list and a map, both entitled "Goal 5 Riparian and Upland Wildlife Habitat Sites Within the Eugene Urban Growth Boundary." The list and map, which updated the inventory of significant riparian corridor sites and wildlife habitat sites based on the criteria listed in Exhibit A to Ordinance No. PA 1198, are now more appropriately included in the Goal 5 Water Resources Conservation Plan. Further, updates to the list and map are needed to more accurately depict the location and/or acreage of some of the riparian corridor and wildlife habitat sites and to remove from the inventory a portion of site E-76, which an order of the Land Conservation and Development Commission determined had not been demonstrated to meet the definition of a riparian area under Oregon Administrative Rules; and

WHEREAS, the Oregon Department of State Lands (DSL) has approved a local wetlands inventory (LWI) using the standards and procedures of OAR 141-086-0110 et seq. The

<sup>1 –</sup> IN THE MATTER OF UPDATING THE GOAL 5 INVENTORY AND ADOPTING THE GOAL 5 WATER RESOURCES CONSERVATION PLAN; REPEALING ORDINANCE NO. PA 1198; AMENDING CHAPTER 10 OF LANE CODE TO AMEND PROVISIONS OF THE EUGENE LAND USE REGULATIONS AND ADD A WATER RESOURCES CONSERVATION OVERLAY ZONE FOR APPLICATION TO URBANIZABLE LANDS WITHIN THE EUGENE URBAN GROWTH AREA; APPLYING THAT ZONE TO SPECIFIC PROPERTIES; AND ADOPTING SAVINGS AND SEVERABILITY CLAUSES

City of Eugene and Lane County have determined which wetlands (located on the LWI within the Eugene Urban Growth Area) are "significant wetlands" for purposes of Statewide Planning Goal 5 using the criteria adopted by DSL for that purpose (OAR 141-086-0350). The County is required to adopt an inventory of these significant wetlands for application to any properties within the Eugene urban growth area; and

WHEREAS, in addition to the inventories of riparian, upland wildlife habitat and wetland sites referred to above, the following inventories make up the entire current inventory of significant Goal 5 resources within the City of Eugene Urban Growth Boundary: the April 12, 1978 Sand and Gravel Working Paper, the April 12, 1978 Scenic Sites Working Paper, the April 12, 1978 Willamette River Greenway Working Paper, the April 12, 1978 Archeological Sites Working Paper, the December 1, 1976 list of historic land marks, and the West Eugene Wetlands Plan.

WHEREAS, on April 8, 1987, the Lane County Board of Commissioners enacted Ordinance No. 18-86 to adopt the City of Eugene land use regulations for application to urbanizable land within the Eugene Urban Growth Boundary in accordance with the urban transition agreement with the City of Eugene; and

WHEREAS, Article VII of that urban transition agreement provides for County adoption of changes to land use regulations made by the City for application to urbanizable land within the Eugene Urban Growth Boundary; and

WHEREAS, the provisions of the Eugene land use regulations adopted by Lane County Ordinance No. 18-86 and further amended by Lane County Ordinance Nos. 16-87, 5-88, 6-88, 7-88, 1-89, 2-89, 13-89, 2-90, 2-91, 12-91, 14-91, 7-92, 10-00, 2-02 and 3-02 were completely revised and replaced by the comprehensive revisions to the Eugene Lane Use Code regulations adopted by Lane County ordinance no. 5-00; and

WHEREAS, the City of Eugene has requested that Lane County adopt the updated Goal 5 inventories in the Water Resources Conservation Plan and revisions to the land use regulations implementing that plan for application to the urbanizable lands within the Eugene urban growth boundary; and

WHEREAS, in May 2005 and March 2006, the Lane County Planning Commission reviewed the proposed plan and land use regulation amendments, held a hearing on March 7, 2006, and made a recommendation of approval to the Board of County Commissioners; and

WHEREAS, on September 27, 2006 the Lane County Board of County Commissioner conducted a public hearing on the proposed plan and land use regulation revisions; and

WHEREAS, evidence exists within the record indicating that the proposal meets the requirements of applicable state and local law as described in the findings adopted in support of this Ordinance.

2 – IN THE MATTER OF UPDATING THE GOAL 5 INVENTORY AND ADOPTING THE GOAL 5 WATER RESOURCES CONSERVATION PLAN; REPEALING ORDINANCE NO. PA 1198; AMENDING CHAPTER 10 OF LANE CODE TO AMEND PROVISIONS OF THE EUGENE LAND USE REGULATIONS AND ADD A WATER RESOURCES CONSERVATION OVERLAY ZONE FOR APPLICATION TO URBANIZABLE LANDS WITHIN THE EUGENE URBAN GROWTH AREA; APPLYING THAT ZONE TO SPECIFIC PROPERTIES; AND ADOPTING SAVINGS AND SEVERABILITY CLAUSES

NOW, THEREFORE, the Board of County Commissioners of Lane County ORDAINS as follows:

Section 1. Ordinance No. PA 1198 is repealed, as of the effective date of this Ordinance. This repeal, however, does not affect the validity of any actions taken pursuant to the provisions of that Ordinance.

Section 2. The Goal 5 Water Resources Conservation Plan attached as Exhibit A hereto, is hereby adopted as a refinement of the Eugene-Springfield Area Metropolitan Area General Plan for those areas that, as of November 14, 2005, were located outside the Eugene city limits and within the urban growth boundary of the City of Eugene ("the Eugene Urban Growth Area").

Section 3. As they pertain to the Eugene Urban Growth Area, the following Exhibits are adopted as findings in support of this Ordinance: (a) Conflicting Uses and ESEE Analysis attached as Exhibit B; and (b) the Eugene Local Wetland Inventory, attached as Exhibit C.

Section 4. Sections 9.0500, 9.1040, 9.2751, 9.6885, 9.7025, 9.7055, 9.7105 9.7205, 9.7230, 9.7305, 9.7810, 9.8025, 9.8030, 9.8055, 9.8215, 9.8220, 9.8320, 9.8325, 9.8415, 9.8460, 9.8465, 9.8470, 9.8515, 9.8520, 9.8855, and 9.8865 of the Eugene Land Use Code as adopted by Lane County Ordinance No. 5-00 are hereby amended and replaced and new Sections 9.4900 through 9.4980, and 9.8472 and 9.8474 are added thereto, all as reflected in Exhibit D. These provisions are adopted and incorporated herein by this reference for application by the City of Eugene on the urbanizable lands within the Eugene Urban Growth Boundary and shall not be codified into the Lane Code.

Section 5. Chapter 10 of Lane Code is hereby amended by removing and substituting the following section:

#### **REMOVE THIS SECTION**

10.600-25 located on page 10-814 (a total of one page)

## **INSERT THIS SECTION**

10.600-25 located on page 10-814 (a total of one page)

This section is attached hereto as Exhibit E and incorporated herein by this reference. The purpose of this substitution is to include specific reference to this Board of County Commissioners action adopting amended and new provisions of the City of Eugene land use regulations to be applied by the City of Eugene on urbanizable lands within the Eugene Urban Growth Boundary.

Section 6. The /WR Overlay Zone as described in the plan and land use regulations adopted above is hereby applied to the properties listed on the attached Exhibit F and shall be reflected as such on the Eugene Overlay Zone Map.

Section 7. Ordinances and regulations repealed by this Ordinance shall remain in force to authorize a punishment, penalty or forfeiture incurred, or a suit, prosecution or proceeding

3 - IN THE MATTER OF UPDATING THE GOAL 5 INVENTORY AND ADOPTING THE GOAL 5 WATER RESOURCES CONSERVATION PLAN; REPEALING ORDINANCE NO. PA 1198; AMENDING CHAPTER 10 OF LANE CODE TO AMEND PROVISIONS OF THE EUGENE LAND USE REGULATIONS AND ADD A WATER RESOURCES CONSERVATION OVERLAY ZONE FOR APPLICATION TO URBANIZABLE LANDS WITHIN THE EUGENE URBAN GROWTH AREA; APPLYING THAT ZONE TO SPECIFIC PROPERTIES; AND ADOPTING SAVINGS AND SEVERABILITY CLAUSES

pending when the provisions enacted by this Ordinance take effect, for an offense or violation committed under the previous Ordinances or regulations prior to the effective date of this Ordinance.

- Section 8. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of this Ordinance is for any reason held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, that portion shall be deemed a separate, distinct, and independent provision and that holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance.
- Section 9. Although not part of this Ordinance, the Board of County Commissioners adopts the Legislative Findings set forth in the attached Exhibit G in support of this action.
- Section 10. The Plant List attached as Exhibit H is adopted, and amendments may be effected by administrative order of the Eugene City Manager pursuant to Section 2.019 of the Eugene Code, 1971.

Section 11. The Eugene City Recorder, at the request of, or with the concurrence of the City Attorney and Lane County Counsel, is authorized to administratively correct any reference errors contained in the provisions hereby adopted consistent with LC 2.020.

ENACTED this 1272 day of DECember 2006.

Chair, Lane County Board of Commissioners

Recording Secretary for this Meeting of the Board

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Date: 9-8-2006 Tane County

TUCE OF LEGAL COUNSEL

#### ORDINANCE NO. 20296

AN ORDINANCE ADOPTING CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING THE GOAL 5 INVENTORY WITHIN THE EUGENE CITY LIMITS; UPDATING THE INVENTORY; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

### THE CITY OF EUGENE DOES ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. The criteria attached as Exhibit A are hereby adopted as the City's additional criteria for determining the significance of riparian corridor sites and stream corridors within upland wildlife habitat sites as provided in OAR 660-023-0030(4)(c). The criteria for determining the significance of upland wildlife habitat sites, excluding stream corridors, are the "safe harbor" criteria at OAR 660-023-0110(4).

Section 2. The list and map (which consists of four tiles) entitled "Goal 5 Riparian and Upland Wildlife Habitat Sites Within the Eugene Urban Growth Boundary" attached as Exhibit B are hereby adopted as a part of the inventory of significant Goal 5 resources for those areas listed/depicted thereon that, as of the date this Ordinance is passed by the City Council, are located within the City limits of the City of Eugene.

Section 3. In addition to the portions of the list and map referred to in Section 2, the inventory of significant Goal 5 resources within the City of Eugene shall include, and be limited to, the resource sites shown for that area on the following documents: the April 12, 1978 Sand and Gravel Working Paper, the April 12, 1978 Scenic Sites Working Paper, the April 12, 1978 Willamette River Greenway Working Paper and the April 12, 1978 Archeological Sites Working Paper, the December 1, 1976 list of historic land marks and the West Eugene Wetlands Plan.

Section 4. Although not part of this Ordinance, the City Council adopts the Legislative Findings set forth in the attached Exhibit C in support of this action.

Section 5. Notwithstanding the effective date of ordinances as provided in the Eugene Charter of 2002, this Ordinance shall become effective 30 days from the date of its passage by the City Council and approval by the Mayor, or upon the date of its acknowledgment as provided by ORS 197.625, whichever is later.

Passed by the City Council this

28th day of July, 2003

City Recorder

Approved by the Mayor this

28th day of July, 2003

# Exhibit F to Ordinance No. 20351

Native and Non-Native Plant List

#### Exhibit F to Ordinance No. 20351

#### Native and Non-Native Plant List

#### Part 1

# NATIVE PLANT SPECIES FOR SITES AT OR ABOVE 425 FEET IN ELEVATION WITHIN THE EUGENE UGB

The plant species included in this list are species that grow and propagate themselves in the Eugene area through natural processes, are adapted to the weather, soils and hydrology of the area, and have evolved in the area or been introduced to the area by natural causes. These native plant species are distinguished from plant species that have been deliberately or accidentally imported or introduced from other areas by humans or human activities.

This list applies to all habitat types, including riparian, upland and wetland areas, above 425 feet in elevation. To meet Eugene Code requirements for native plants, these species are to be used within the specified geographic area or elevation. Do not substitute alternate species. You must use the specific species, subspecies or variety listed.

Wetland Indicator Status and Site Suitability information in the table below is intended as a guideline for identifying suitable locations for plant species based on additional site characteristics, such as soils and hydrology.

Trees		Wetland	:
~		Indicator	Site
Common Name	Scientific Name	Status	<b>Suitability</b>
grand fir	Abies grandis	NOL	ÜВ
vine maple	Acer circinatum	FACU+	UB
Oregon bigleaf maple	Acer macrophyllum	FACU	UB
red alder	Alnus rubra	FAC	LB, UB
Pacific madrone	Arbutus menziesii	NOL	UB
incense cedar	Calocedrus decurrens	NOL	UB
Pacific dogwood	Cornus nuttallii	NOL UB	
Oregon ash	Fraxinus latifolia	FACW	LB, UB
Ponderosa pine	Pinus ponderosa	FACU	UB
black cottonwood	Populus trichocarpa	FAC	LB
Douglas fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii var. menziesii	NOL	UB
Oregon white oak	Quercus garryana var. garryana	NOL	UB
California black oak	Quercus kelloggii	NOL	UB
Pacific willow	Salix lucida ssp. lasiandra	FACW+	WE, LB
Scouler's willow	Salix scouleriana	FAC	LB, UB
Sitka willow	Salix sitchensis	FACW	WÉ, LB
Pacific yew	Taxus brevifolia	FACU-	UB

Shrubs and Vines		Wetland Indicator	Site
Common Name	Scientific Name	Status	<u>Suitability</u>
serviceberry	Amelanchier alnifolia var. semiintegrifolia	FACU	UB
tall Oregon grape	Berberis aquifolium	NOL	UB
common buckbrush	Ceanothus cuneatus	NOL	UB
redstem ceanothus	Ceanothus sanguineus	NOL	UB
wild clematis	Clematis ligusticifolia	FACU	UB
Suksdorf's hawthorn	Crataegus suksdorfii FAC	UB	
red-osier dogwood	Cornus sericea	FACW	WE, LB
California hazel	Corylus cornuta	NI	UB
	var. californica		
salal	Gaultheria shallon	NOL	UB
ocean spray	Holodiscus discolor	NOL	UB
orange honeysuckle	Lonicera ciliosa	NOL	UB
hairy honeysuckle	Lonicera hispidula	NOL	UB
osoberry/indian plum	Oemleria cerasiformis	NOL	UB
mock-orange	Philadelphus lewisii	NOL	UB
Pacific ninebark	Physocarpus capitatus	FAC+	WE, LB
chokecherry	Prunus virginiana	FACU	UB
•	var. demissa		
cascara buckthorn	Rhamnus purshiana	FAC-	UB
straggly gooseberry	Ribes divaricatum	NI	UB
red currant	Ribes sanguineum	NOL	UB
baldhip rose	Rosa gymnocarpa	NI	UB
Nootka rose	Rosa nutkana var. nutkana	NI	LB, UB
thimbleberry	Rubus parviflorus	FACU+	UB
salmon berry	Rubus spectabilis	FAC	LB, UB
dewberry	Rubus ursinus	NOL	UB
blue elderberry	Sambucus mexicana	FAC-	UB
red elderberry	Sambucus racemosa	FACU	UB
·	var, arborescens		<del>-</del>
Douglas spiraea	Spiraea douglasii	FACW	WE, LB
enowherm	var. douglasii	DACII	LID
snowberry	Symphoricarpos albus var. laevigatus	FACU	UB
red huckleberry	Vaccinium parviflorum	NOL	UB ·
viburnum	Viburnum ellipticum	NOL	UB

Herbaceous Plants		Wetland	
		Indicator	Site
Common Name	Scientific Name	<u>Status</u>	<b>Suitability</b>
vanilla-leaf	Achlys triphylla	NOL	UB
baneberry	Actaea rubra	NOL	UB
pathfinder	Adenocaulon bicolor	NOL	UB
red columbine	Aquilegia formosa	FAC	LB, UB
wild ginger	Asarum caudatum	NOL	UB
wild aster	Eurybia radulina (Aster radulinus)	NOL	UB
lady-fern	Athyrium filix-femina	FAC	WE, LB, UB
American wintercress	Barbarea orthoceras	FACW+	LB
elegant brodiaea	Brodiaea elegans	FACU	UB
harvest Brodiaea	Brodiaea coronaria	NOL	UB
wood bittercress	Cardamine angulata	FACW	LB, UB
spring beauty	Cardamine nuttallii var. nuttallii	NOL	UB
miner's lettuce	Claytonia perfoliata	FAC	UB
candyflower	Claytonia sibirica	FACW	UB
tall larkspur	Delphinium trolliifolium	NOL	UB
bleeding heart	Dicentra formosa	NOL	UB
Hooker's fairy bells	Prosartes hookeri	NOL	UB
Watson's willow herb	Epilobium ciliatum var. watsonii	FACW-	WE, LB
Oregon fawn lily	Erythronium oregonum	NOL	UB
large-leaf avens	Geum macrophyllum	FACW+	LB, UB
lowland cudweed	Gnaphalium palustre	FAC+	WE
Willamette valley gumweed	Grindelia integrifolia	FACW	WE, LB
cow-parsnip	Heracleum lanatum	FAC	UB
Pacific waterleaf	Hydrophyllum tenuipes	NOL	UB
bog St. John's-wort	Hypericum anagalloides	OBL	SW, WE
tiger lily	Lilium columbianum	FAC	UB
miniature lupine	Lupinus polycarpus	NOL	UB
riverbank lupine	Lupinus rivularis	FAC	LB, UB
skunk cabbage	Lysichiton americanus	OBL	SW, WE
big smilacina	Maianthemum racemosum	FAC-	UB
little smilacina	Maianthemum stellatum	FAC-	UB
Oregon bigroot	Marah oreganus	NOL	UB
western bluebell	Mertensia platyphylla	NOL	UB
water montia	Montia fontana	OBL	SW, WE
aquatic claytonia	Montia linearis	NOL	LB, UB
small forget-me-not	Myosotis laxa	OBL	SW, WE
small flowered nemophila	Nemophila parviflora	ODL	SW, WE
sman no word nomophila	var. nemophylla	NOL	UB
water-parsley	Oenanthe sarmentosa	OBL	
sweet cicely	Osmorhiza berteroi		SW, WE
w. yellow wood sorrel	Oxalis suksdorfii	NOL	UB
sweet colt's-foot		NOL	UB
34001 0011 3-1001	Petasites frigidus var. palmatus	FACW	LB

woodland phacelia swordfern bracken fern self-heal white water buttercup woods buttercup willow leaved dock Pacific sanicle yerba buena	Phacelia nemoralis Polystichum munitum Pteridium aquilinum Prunella vulgaris var. lanceolata Ranunculus aquatilis Ranunculus uncinatus Rumex salicifolius Sanicula crassicaulis Satureja douglasii	FACU NOL FACU+ OBL FAC FACW NOL NOL	UB UB UB SW,WE UB WE UB UB
Idaho blue-eyed grass	Sisyrinchium idahoense		
beautiful blue eyed grass hedge-nettle spring queen fringecups western meadowrue tall western meadowrue piggy-back plant star-flower sessile trillium western trillium inside-out flower American vetch woodland violet	var. idahoense Sisyrinchium bellum Stachys mexicana Synthyris reniformis Tellima grandiflora Thalictrum occidentale Thalictrum polycarpum Tolmiea menziesii Trientalis latifolia Trillium albidum Trillium ovatum ssp. ovatum Vancouveria hexandra Vicia americana Viola glabella	FACW FACW- FACW NOL NOL FACU UB NOL FAC- NOL NOL NOL NOL NOL NI FACW+	WE, LB UB LB, UB U
Grasses, Sedges, Rushes		Wetland Indicator	Site
Common Name	Scientific Name	<u>Status</u>	Suitability
Sitka brome Dewey's sedge Henderson's sedge slough sedge sawbeak sedge needle spikerush creeping spikerush blue wild-rye tall manna grass meadow barley common rush spreading rush lacquered rush onion grass	Bromus sitchensis Carex deweyana var. leptopoda Carex hendersonii Carex obnupta Carex stipata var. stipata Eleocharis acicularis Eleocharis palustris Elymus glaucus ssp. glaucus Glyceria striata Hordeum brachyantherum Juncus effusus var. gracilis Juncus patens Juncus laccatus Mellica subulata	NOL FAC+ NI OBL NOL OBL FACU FACW+ FACW FACW+ FACW PACW+ FACW PACW+ PACW PACW	UB UB LB SW, WE WE, LB SW, WE UB WE, LB WE, LB SW, WE SW, WE SW, WE

#### Key to Wetland Indicator Status

- OBL = Obligate Wetland Plants. Under normal conditions, these plants almost always occur in wetlands (estimated probability of wetland occurrence 99%).
- FACW = Facultative Wetland Plants. Under normal conditions these plants are usually found in wetlands, but also may be found outside wetlands (estimated probability of wetland occurrence 67-99%)
- FAC = Facultative Plants. Under normal conditions, these plants are found equally in wetlands and non-wetlands (estimated probability of wetland occurrence 33-66%).
- FACU = Facultative Upland Plants. Under normal conditions, these plants are most likely to be found in non-wetlands (estimated probability of wetland occurrence 1-33%).
- UPL = Obligate Upland Plants. These plants are almost always found in non-wetlands, and are expected to be found in wetlands less than 1% of the time.
- NOL = Not on U.S.F.W.S. wetland plant list.

#### Key to Site Suitability

SW = Shallow water

WE = Water's edge

LB = Lower bank

UB = Upper bank and terraces above the ordinary high water line

Wetland indicator status information is taken from:

"National List of Plant Species That Occur In Wetlands: Northwest (Region 9)," U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, May 1988; 1993 supplement.

#### Part 2

# NATIVE PLANT SPECIES FOR SITES AT OR BELOW 500 FEET IN ELEVATION WITHIN THE EUGENE UGB

The plant species included in this list are species that grow and propagate themselves in the Eugene area through natural processes, are adapted to the weather, soils and hydrology of the area, and have evolved in the area or been introduced to the area by natural causes. These native plant species are distinguished from plant species that have been deliberately or accidentally imported or introduced from other areas by humans or human activities.

This list applies to all habitat types, including riparian, upland and wetland areas, below 500 feet in elevation within the UGB, except within the West Eugene Wetlands Plan area, and within seasonal wet prairie habitats (see Part 3). To meet Eugene Code requirements for native plants, these species are to be used within the specified geographic area and elevation. Do not substitute alternate species. You must use the specific species, subspecies or variety listed.

Wetland Indicator Status and Site Suitability information in the table below is intended as a guideline for identifying suitable locations for plant species based on additional site characteristics, such as soils and hydrology.

#### **Trees**

		Wetland Indicator	Site
Common Name	Scientific Name	Status	Suitability
grand fir	Abies grandis	NOL	UB
vine maple	Acer circinatum	FACU+	UB
Oregon bigleaf maple	Acer macrophyllum	FACU	UB
white alder	Alnus rhombifolia	FACW	LB, UB
red alder	Alnus rubra	FAC	LB, UB
incense-cedar	Calocedrus decurrens	NOL	UB
Pacific dogwood	Cornus nutallii	NOL	UB
Oregon ash	Fraxinus latifolia	<b>FACW</b>	LB, UB
ponderosa pine	Pinus ponderosa	FACU	UB
black cottonwood	Populus balsamifera	FAC	LB
	ssp. trichocarpa		•
Douglas-fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii		
	var. menziesii	NOL	UB
Oregon white oak	Quercus garryana var. garryana	NOL	UB
California black oak	Quercus kelloggii	NOL	UB
Pacific willow	Salix lucida	FACW+	WE, LB
	ssp. <i>lasiandra</i>		,
western yew	Taxus brevifolia	FACU-	UB
western redcedar	Thuja plicata	FAC	UB

<u>Shrubs</u>		Wetland Indicator	Site
Common Name	Scientific Name	Status	Suitability
serviceberry	Amelanchier alnifolia FACU var. semiintegrifolia	UB	
tall Oregon grape	Berberis aquifolium	NOL	UB
common buckbrush	Ceanothus cuneatus	NOL	UB
Suksdorf's hawthorn	Crataegus suksdorfii FAC var. suksdorfii	UB	
red-osier dogwood	Cornus sericea	FACW	WE, LB
California hazel	Corylus cornuta	NI	UB
	var. californica		
ocean spray	Holodiscus discolor	NOL	UB
osoberry/indian plum	Oemleria cerasiformis	NOL	UB
mock-orange	Philadelphus lewisii	NOL	UB
Pacific ninebark	Physocarpus capitatus	FAC+	WE, LB
chokecherry	Prunus virginiana	FACU	UB
	var. demissa		
cascara buckthorn	Rhamnus purshiana	FAC?	UB
straggly gooseberry	Ribes divaricatum	NI	UB
red currant	Ribes sanguineum	NOL	UB
baldhip rose	Rosa gymnocarpa	NI	UB
Nootka rose	Rosa nutkana	NI	LB, UB
blackcap	Rubus leucodermis	NOL .	UB
thimbleberry	Rubus parviflorus	FACU+	UB
salmonberry	Rubus spectabilis	FAC	LB, UB
dewberry	Rubus ursinus	NOL	UB
Columbia River willow	Salix fluviatilis	OBL	SW, WE
Piper's willow	Salix hookeriana (piperi)	FACW	LB
Scouler's willow	Salix scouleriana	FAC	LB, UB
Sitka willow	Salix sitchensis	FACW	WE, LB
blue elderberry	Sambucus mexicana (cerulea)	FAC-	UB
red elderberry	Sambucus racemosa	FACU	UB
	var. arborescens		-
Douglas spiraea	Spiraea douglasii var. douglasii	FACW	WE, LB
snowberry	Symphoricarpos albus		,
	var. laevigatus	FACU	UB
oval-leaved viburnum	Viburnum ellipticum	NOL	UB

Vines		Wetland Indicator	Site
Common Name	Scientific Name	<u>Status</u>	Suitability
wild clematis	Clematis ligusticifolia	FACU	UB
orange honeysuckle	Lonicera ciliosa	NOL	UB
hairy honeysuckle	Lonicera hispidula	NOL	UB
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<b>Herbaceous Plants</b>		Wetland	
		Indicator	Site
Common Name	Scientific Name	<u>Status</u>	<u>Suitability</u>
vanilla-leaf	Achlys triphylla	NOL	UB
baneberry	Actaea rubra	NOL ·	UB
pathfinder	Adenocaulon bicolor	NOL	UB
red columbine	Aquilegia formosa	FAC	LB, UB
wild ginger	Asarum caudatum	NOL	UB
lady-fern	Athyrium filix-femina	FAC	WE, LB, UB
American wintercress	Barbarea orthoceras	FACW+	LB
camas	Camassia leichtlinii	FACW-	LB, UW
wood bittercress	Cardamine angulata	FACW	LB, UB
spring beauty	Cardamine nuttallii var. nuttallii	NOL	UB
small-flowered claytonia	Claytonia parviflora	NOL	UB
miner's lettuce	Claytonia perfoliata	FAC	UB
candyflower	Claytonia sibirica	FACW	UB
tall larkspur	Delphinium trolliifolium	NOL	UB
bleeding heart	Dicentra formosa	NOL-	UB
coastal shield fern	Dryoptera arguta	NOL	UB
Watson's willow herb	Epilobium ciliatum (watsonii)	FACW-	LB
Oregon fawn lily	Erythronium oregonum	NOL	UB
large-leaf avens	Geum macrophyllum	FACW+	LB, UB
lowland cudweed	Gnaphalium palustre	FAC+	UB
Willamette valley gumweed	Grindelia integrifolia	FACW	WE, LB
cow-parsnip	Heracleum lanatum	FAC	UB
Pacific waterleaf	Hydrophyllum tenuipes	NOL	UB
bog St. John's-wort	Hypericum anagalloides	OBL	SW, WE
tiger lily	Lilium columbianum	FAC	UB
miniature lupine	Lupinus polycarpus	NOL	UB
riverbank lupine	Lupinus rivularis	FAC	UB
skunk cabbage	Lysichiton americanus	OBL	SW, WE
big smilacina	Maianthemum racemosa	FAC-	UB
little smilacina	Maianthemum stellaum	FAC-	UB
Oregon bigroot	Marah oreganus	NOL	UB
western bluebell	Mertensia platyphylla	NOL	UB
water montia	Montia fontana	OBL	SW, WE

aquatic claytonia	Montia linearis	NOL	LB, UB
small forget-me-not	Myosotis laxa	OBL	SW, WE
small-flowered nemophila	Nemophila parviflora		•
	var. nemophylla	NOL	UB
water-parsley	Oenanthe sarmentosa	OBL	SW, WE
sweet cicely	Osmorhiza berteroi	NOL	UB
w. yellow wood sorrel	Oxalis suksdorfii	NOL	UB
sweet colt's-foot	Petasites frigidus	FACW	LB
	var. palmatus	1110 11	
woodland phacelia	Phacelia nemoralis	FACU	UB
swordfern	Polystichum munitum	NOL	UB
Hooker's fairy bells	Prosartes hookeri	NOL	UB
self-heal	Prunella vulgaris var. lanceolata	FACU+	UB
white water buttercup	Ranunculus aquatilis	OBL	
woods buttercup	Ranunculus uncinatus		SW,WE
western dock		FAC	UB
western dock	Rumex occidentalis	FAC-	UB
willow leaved dock	var. procerus	E A CITY	****
Pacific sanicle	Rumex salicifolius	FACW	WE
	Sanicula crassicaulis	NOL	UB
yerba buena	Satureja douglasii	NOL	UB
small-fruited bulrush	Scirpus microcarpus	OBL	WE
Hitchcock's blue-eyed grass	Sisyrinchium hitchcockii	NOL	UB
hedge-nettle	Stachys mexicana	FACW	LB, UB
fringecups	Tellima grandiflora	NOL	UB
western meadowrue	Thalictrum occidentale	FACU	UB
tall western meadowrue	Thalictrum polycarpum	NOL	UB
piggy-back plant	Tolmiea menziesii	FAC	LB
star-flower	Trientalis latifolia	FAC-	UB
sessile trillium	Trillium albidum	NOL	UB
western trillium	Trillium ovatum ssp. ovatum	NOL	UB
stinging nettle	Urtica dioica	FAC+	UB
inside-out flower	Vancouveria hexandra	NOL	UB
American vetch	Vicia americana	NI	WE, LB
woodland violet	Viola glabella	FACW+	UB
Grasses, Sedges, Rushes		Wetland	
·		Indicator	Site
Common Name	Scientific Name	<u>Status</u>	<b>Suitability</b>
	·	<del></del>	<u> </u>
Dewey's sedge	Carex deweyana var. leptopoda	FAC+	UB
Henderson's sedge	Carex hendersonii	NI	LB
green-fruited sedge	Carex interrupta	OBL	SW, WE
slough sedge	Carex obnupta	OBL	•
sawbeak sedge	Carex stipata var. stipata	NOL	SW, WE
needle spikerush	Eleocharis acicularis		WE, LB
needie spikerusii	Lieocharis acicularis	OBL	SW, WE

creeping spikerush	Eleocharis palustris	OBL	SW, WE
blue wild-rye	Elymus glaucus ssp. glaucus	FACU	UB
tall manna grass	Glyceria striata	FACW+	WE, LB
meadow barley	Hordeum brachyantherum	<b>FACW</b>	WE, LB
taper-tip rush	Juncus acuminatus	OBL	SW, WE
three-stamen rush	Juncus ensifolius	FACW	WE, LB
common rush	Juncus effusus	FACW+	SW, WE
shiny rush	Juncus laccatus	NOL	SW, WE
pointed rush	Juncus oxymeris	FACW+	SW, WE
spreading rush	Juncus patens	FACW	SW, WE
slender rush	Juncus tenuis	FAC	LB
onion grass	Melica subulata	NOL	UB

#### Key to Wetland Indicator Status

- OBL = Obligate Wetland Plants. Under normal conditions, these plants almost always occur in wetlands (estimated probability of wetland occurrence 99%).
- FACW = Facultative Wetland Plants. Under normal conditions these plants are usually found in wetlands, but also may be found outside wetlands (estimated probability of wetland occurrence 67-99%)
- FAC = Facultative Plants. Under normal conditions, these plants are found equally in wetlands and non-wetlands (estimated probability of wetland occurrence 33-66%).
- FACU = Facultative Upland Plants. Under normal conditions, these plants are most likely to be found in non-wetlands (estimated probability of wetland occurrence 1-33%).
- UPL = Obligate Upland Plants. These plants are almost always found in non-wetlands, and are expected to be found in wetlands less than 1% of the time.
- NOL = Not on U.S.F.W.S. wetland plant list.

#### Key to Site Suitability

SW = Shallow water

WE = Water's edge

LB = Lower bank

UB = Upper bank and terraces above the ordinary high water line

Wetland indicator status information is taken from:

"National List of Plant Species That Occur In Wetlands: Northwest (Region 9)," U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, May 1988; 1993 supplement.

### Part 3

# NATIVE PLANT SPECIES FOR SITES IN THE WEST EUGENE WETLANDS PLAN AREA AND IN SEASONAL WET PRAIRIE HABITAT IN OTHER GEOGRAPHIC AREAS

The plant species included in this list are species that grow and propagate themselves in the Eugene area through natural processes, are adapted to the weather, soils and hydrology of the area, and have evolved in the area or been introduced to the area by natural causes. These native species are distinguished from plant species that have been deliberately or accidentally imported or introduced from other areas by humans or human activities.

This list applies to sites within the West Eugene Wetlands Plan area and within wet prairie habitats (e.g., in Westmoreland Park and Amazon Park). To meet Eugene Code requirements for native plants, these species are to be used within the specified geographic area or elevation. Do not substitute alternate species. You must use the specific species, subspecies or variety listed.

Wetland Indicator Status and Site Suitability information in the table below is intended as a guideline for identifying suitable locations for plant species based on additional site characteristics, such as soils and hydrology.

Trees		Wetland Indicator	Site
Scientific Name	Common Name	<u>Status</u>	Suitability
Fraxinus latifolia	Oregon ash	FACW	BA, TW
Pinus ponderosa	Ponderosa pine	FACU-	BA, TN
Populus trichocarpa	black cottonwood	FAC	BA, TN
Pseudotsuga menziesii	曹		
var. <i>menziesii</i>	Douglas-fir	NOL	TN
Quercus kelloggii	California black oak	NOL	TN
Quercus garryana var.			
garryana	Oregon white oak	NOL	TN ·
Salix sitchensis	Sitka willow	FACW	WE, BA
Salix scouleriana	Scouler's willow	FAC	BA
Salix piperi	Piper's willow	<b>FACW</b>	WE, BA
Salix lucida ssp. lasiandra	Pacific willow	FACW+	WE, BA
Shrubs		Wetland	
		Indicator	Site
Scientific Name	Common Name	<u>Status</u>	Suitability
Amelanchier alnifolia var. semiintegrifolia	serviceberry	FACU	TN

Berberis aquifolium	tall Oregon-grape	NOL	TN
Corylus cornuta	western hazelnut	NI	TN
Crataegus suksdorfii	Suksdorf's hawthorn	FAC	BA, TN
Holodiscus discolor	ocean spray	NOL	TN
Lonicera hispidula	hairy honeysuckle	NOL	TN
Oemleria cerasiformis	indian plum	NOL	TN
Physocarpus capitatus	Pacific ninebark	FAC+	BA .
Pyrus fusca	western crab-apple	FAC+	TN
Rhamnus purshiana	cascara	NI	TN
Rosa nutkana	Nootka rose	NI	TN
Rosa pisocarpa	clustered wild rose	FACU	TN
Spiraea douglasii var. douglaii	Douglas' spiraea	<b>FACW</b>	WE, BA, TW
Symphoricarpos albus var. laevigatus	common snowberry	FACU	TN
Viburnum ellipticum	Oregon viburnum	NOL	TN

Herbaceaous Plants		Wetland	
Scientific Name	Common Name	Indicator Status	Site Suitability
Achillea millefolium	common yarrow	FACU	TN
Alisma plantago-aquatica var. americana	broad-leaf water-plantain	OBL	SW, WE
Allium amplectens	slimleaf onion	NOL	TN
Aster hallii	Hall's aster	FAC	TN, TW
Bidens cernuua	nodding beggar's-tick	FACW+	WE, TW
Bidens frondosa	leafy beggar's-tick	FACW+	WE, TW
Boisduvalia densiflora	dense spike-primrose	FACW-	WE
Brodiaea hyacinthina	hyacinth brodiaea	FACU	TN
Brodiaea coronaria	harvest brodiaea	NOL	TN
Callitriche heterophylla	water-starwort	OBL	SW, WE
Camassia leichtlinii ssp.			
Suksdorfii	tall camas	FACW-	TW
Camassia quamash			
ssp. maximacommon	camas	FACW	TW
Cardamine penduliflora	Willamette Valley bittercress	OBL	SW, WE, TW
Cardamine nutallii var. nutallii	slender toothwort	NOL	UB
Claytonia sibirica	candyflower	FACW	UB
Delphinium trolliifolium	Columbia larkspur	NOL	TN
Downingia elegans	common downingia	OBL	SW, WE
Epilobium paniculatum	autumn willow-herb	NOL	TN
Eriophyllum lanatum	woolly sunflower	NOL	TN
Eryngium petiolatum	Oregon coyote-thistle	OBL	SW, WE
Geum macrophyllum	large-leaved avens	FACW+	WE, BA

Grindelia integrifolia var. integrifolia	Willamette valley gumweed	FACW	WE, BA
Heracleum lanatum	cow-parsnip	FAC	BA, TN
Hydrocotyle ranunculoides	floating marsh-pennywort	OBL	SW
Lasthenia glaberrima	smooth lasthenia	OBL	SW
Lotus formosissimus	seaside lotus	FACW+	WE
Lotus pinnatus	bog lotus	FACW	SW, WE
Lotus purshianus	spanish-clover	NOL	TN
Ludwigia palustris			
var. <i>pacifica</i>	water-purslane	OBL	SW, WE
Lupinus polyphyllus	bigleaf lupine	FAC+	BA, TN
Marah oreganus	Oregon bigroot	NOL	TN
Microseris laciniata	cut-leaved microseris	NOL	TN
Montia linearis	narrow-leaved montia	NOL	TN
Myosotis laxa	small-flowered forget-me-no		WE
Nuphar polysepalum	pond lily	OBL	SW
Oenanthe sarmentosa	water parsely	OBL	SW, WE
Osmorhiza chilensis	sweet-cicely	NOL	TN
Perideridia gairdneri	Gairdner's yampah	FACU	TN
Plagiobothrys figuratus	fragrant popcorn-flower	FACW	SW, TW
Polygonum hydropiperoides	waterpepper	OBL	SW, WE, TW
Polystichum munitum	common sword fern	NOL	BA, TN
Potentilla gracilis var. gracilis	slender cinquefoil	FAC	TN
Prunella vulgaris var. lanceolata	r self-heal	FACU+	TN
Ranunculus uncinatus	disappointing buttercup	FAC	BA
Ranunculus orthorhynchus	straight-beak buttercup	FACW-	BA
Ranunculus occidentalis	western buttercup	FACW	BA
Ranunculus aquatilis	white water-buttercup	OBL	SW, WE, TW
Rorippia curvisiliqua	western yellowcress	FACW+	WE, TW
Rubus ursinus	Pacific blackberry	NI	TN
Rumex salicifolius	willow-leaved dock	FACW	TW
Sanicula crassicaulis	western sanicle	NOL	TN
var. crassicaulis		·	
Saxifraga oregana	Oregon saxifrage	FACW+	WE, BA
Sidalcea cusickii	Cusick's checkermallow	NOL	WE
Sparganium emersum	simple-stem bur-reed	OBL	SW, WE, TW
Stachys rigida	rigid hedge-nettle	FACW-	BA
Tellima grandiflora	fringecups	NOL	TN
Trillium albidum	sessile trillium	NOL	TN
Typha latifolia	broad-leafcattail	OBL	SW, WE
Veratrum californicum	tailed false-hellebore	OBL	SW, WE
var. <i>caudatum</i>		,	
Veronica americana	American speedwell	OBL	SW, WE
Veronica scutellata	marsh speedwell	OBL	SW, WE
Wyethia angustifolia	narrow-leaf wyethia	FACU	TN
Zigadenus venenosus	death camas	FAC	TW, TN

Grasses, Sedges and Rushes		Wetland	
Scientific Name	Common Name	Indicator Status	Site Suitability
Agrostis exarata	spike bentgrass	FACW	BA, TW
Alopecurus geniculatus	water foxtail	FACW+	BA, TW
Beckmannia syzigachne	American slough grass	OBL	SW, WE
Carex densa	dense sedge	OBL	SW, WE
Carex deweyana var. leptopoda	Dewey's sedge	FAC+	BA, TW
Carex lanuginosa	woolly sedge	OBL	SW, WE
Carex leporina	hare sedge	FAC	BA, TW
Carex obnupta	slough sedge	OBL	SW, WE
Carex unilateralis	one-sided sedge	FACW	WE, TW
Danthonia californica	California oatgrass	FACU-	TN
Deschampsia cespitosa	tufted hairgrass	FACW	TW
Deschampsia danthonioides	annual hairgrass	FACW-	TW
Deschampsia elongata	slender hairgrass	FACW-	TW
Eleocharis acicularis	needle spikerush	OBL	SW, WE
Eleocharis ovata	ovoid spike-rush	OBL	SW, WE
Eleocharis palustris	creeping spikerush	OBL	SW, WE
Elymus glaucus ssp. glaucus	blue wildrye	FACU	TN
Glyceria occidentalis	western mannagrass	OBL	SW, WE
Hordeum brachyantherum	meadow barley	FACW	WE, TW
Juncus acuminatus	tapered rush	OBL	SW, WE
Juncus articulatus	jointed rush	OBL	SW, WE
Juncus nevadensis	Sierra rush	FACW	WE, TW
Juncus oxymeris	pointed rush	FACW+	WE, TW
Juncus patens	spreading rush	FACW	WE, TW
Juncus tenuis var. tenuis	slender rush	FAC	BA, TW
Koeleria cristata	junegrass	NOL	TN
Panicum occidentale	western witchgrass	FACW	WE, TW
Scirpus validus	softstem bulrush	OBL	SW, WE

## Key to Wetland Indicator Status

OBL = Obligate Wetland Plants. Under normal conditions, these plants almost always occur in wetlands (estimated probability of wetland occurrence 99%).

FACW = Facultative Wetland Plants. Under normal conditions these plants are usually found in wetlands, but also may be found outside wetlands (estimated probability of wetland occurrence 67-99%)

FAC = Facultative Plants. Under normal conditions, these plants are found equally in wetlands and non-wetlands (estimated probability of wetland occurrence 33-66%).

FACU = Facultative Upland Plants. Under normal conditions, these plants are most likely to be found in non-wetlands (estimated probability of wetland occurrence 1-33%).

UPL = Obligate Upland Plants. These plants are almost always found in non-wetlands, and are expected to be found in wetlands less than 1% of the time.

NOL = Not on U.S.F.W.S. wetland plant list.

#### Key to Site Suitability

SW = Shallow water

WE = Water's edge

BA = Bank

TW = Top of Bank, wetland (e.g., where prairie wetlands exist adjacent to a stream or channel)

TN= Top of Bank, non-wetland

Wetland indicator status information is taken from:

"National List of Plant Species That Occur In Wetlands: Northwest (Region 9)," U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, May 1988; 1993 supplement.

### Part 4

# NON-NATIVE, INVASIVE PLANT SPECIES KNOWN OR LIKELY TO OCCUR WITHIN THE EUGENE URBAN GROWTH BOUNDARY

The plant species included in this list are species that have been deliberately or accidentally imported or introduced from other areas by humans or human activities. In addition, these species escape from cultivated settings and spread aggressively into natural areas, and are capable of displacing large areas of native vegetation. These non-native, invasive plant species are distinguished from those native species that grow and propagate themselves in the Eugene area through natural processes, are adapted to the weather, soils and hydrology of the area, and have evolved in the area or been introduced to the area by natural causes.

This list applies to all habitat types within the Eugene Urban Growth Boundary. To meet Eugene Code requirements for removal of non-native, invasive plants, you must remove the specific species, subspecies or variety listed.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Notes	Reference
Acer platanoides	Norway maple	Invasive tree spreading into forested natural areas around town including Skinner's Butte.	1
Aesculus hippocastanum	horsechestnut	Populations have been found in south end of Hendricks Park and this species is known to be problematic in other cities.	1
Ailanthus altissima	tree-of-heaven	Invasive tree that is problematic in City parks, alleys, and undeveloped property. This species is capable of becoming established through cracks in concrete.	1,3
Alliaria petiolata	garlic mustard	One of the most invasive forest under story plants in the east and Midwest, starting to establish in the Seattle area. Documented as present in Portland and Eugene	1, 4
Anchusa azurea	anchusa; common bugloss	Exploding in large patches roadside and in woods in western Benton County. Also known recently from Lane and Clackamas counties.	1, 3
Arum italicum	Arum	While it appears to be moved primarily by humans, it occasionally is found away from human activity areas. Once established, it is extremely difficult to remove.	1
Betula pendula/pubesc	European birch	This species is spreading rapidly along waterways and is now established along the entirety of Amazon Creek from near its headwaters to Fern Ridge	5

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# Reservoir.

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Brachypodium sylvaticum	false-brome	Highly invasive grass rapidly spreading through forests and along rivers in our area in numerous places including Alton Baker Park. It has the potential to permanently alter the forest under story, as it outcompetes most other species and no control is known.	1, 3, 4
Buddleia alternifolia, Buddleia davidii	fountain butterfly bush	Both butterfly bushes displace native willows which are essential host plants for native butterflies.	1, 4
Clematis vitalba	traveler's-joy	Invasive climber comparable to English ivy is a problem in areas of Portland and Seattle. Currently appearing in several areas along the Willamette River with large populations established on Skinner Butte.	1, 3, 4
Cotoneaster franchettii	cotoneaster	Occurring in native prairies and woodland edges. (Cotoneaster franchetti, C. horizontalis, C. parneyi, etc. Best to avoid all cotoneasters.)	1
Cotoneaster horizontalis	cotoneaster	Occurring in native prairies and woodland edges. (Cotoneaster franchetti, C. horizontalis, C. parneyi, etc. Best to avoid all cotoneasters.)	1
Crataegus monogyna	English hawthorn	This species is well established and spreading rapidly into woodlands and prairies throughout town. It interbreeds with the native hawthorn creating hybrids that are difficult to accurately identify.	1, 3, 4
Cynoglossum officinale	common houndstongue	This common garden species has escaped and appears regularly in several City parks, along waterways and in unimproved alleys.	2, 3
Cytisus monspessulana	French broom	This species is a serious problem in CA and OR south coast and is now appearing in Eugene	1, 2, 3, 4
Cytisus scoparius	Scot's broom	Dense populations established along the Willamette, in the south hills, throughout the West Eugene Wetlands, along roadways and railways and in several city parks. Avoid use of all brooms.	1, 2, 3, 4
Daphne laureola	spurge laurel	Spread by birds into forested areas throughout town.	1, 3
Digitalis purpurea	foxglove	This common and attractive garden wild flower escapes easily and forms dense populations. It is becoming well established in some areas along the Willamette River.	1, 3

Genista monspessulana	broom	This species is a serious problem in CA and along the south OR coast. Now beginning to appear in Eugene.	
Geranium lucidum	shining crane's-bill	Beginning to dominate forest understories in south Eugene.	1
Geranium robertianum	herb robert	Dominates forest understories in several areas in Eugene including Hendrick's park. This species is spreading rapidly throughout town.	1, 3, 4
Glecoma hederacea	ground ivy; creeping Charlie	Can become a dominant plant in moist, shady riparian areas.	
Hedera helix	English ivy	Spreads vegetatively in forested and open areas. Seeds spread mostly by exotic birds including starlings. This species is an extensive and widespread problem throughout Eugene, especially in forested areas and along the Willamette River.	1, 2, 3, 4
Hypericum perforatum	St. John's wort	This species invades meadows, trailsides, roadsides, and other areas throughout town.	1, 2, 3, 4
Ilex aquifolium	English holly	Spread by birds and appears regularly in forest understories throughout town.	1, 3
Iris pseudoacorus	yellow flag iris	Forms monocultures in wetlands. This species has established in Bertelsen Slough, Amazon Creek, Flat Creek, Spring Creek and along the Willamette River.	1, 3
Juniperus virginiana	eastern redcedar	Birds eat berries and spread seeds.	1
Lamiastrum galèobdolan	Yellow archangel	Primarily spread by humans. Very aggressive, primarily moving out from landscaped areas. Has escaped in Springfield, Corvallis, and in Seattle, where a botanist says it "covers hillsides."	1
Lathyrus sp.	latifolius sweet, perennial or everlasting pea	Well-established, primarily along roadsides and hedgerows, large population on Chamber's connector. Listed in "Weeds of the West"	1
Leucanthemum vulgare	oxeye daisy	This species is common in commercial "wildflower mixes". It has become widely established in meadows in West Eugene, Amazon Park, and along roadsides and mowed waterways. Formerly Chrysanthemum leucanthemum.	1, 3, 4

	Ligustrum vulgare	common privet	Birds eat fruits and spread plants into woods and prairies.	1
	Linaria vulgaris	yellow toadflax	Roadside weed expanding into prairies.	1, 2, 3, 4
	Lotus corniculatus	birdsfoot trefoil	Sold in pasture mixes. This species has invaded wetland areas throughout town including most drainage channels.	1, 3
	Lunaria annua	honesty; money plant	Invasive in forest understories.	1
	Lysimachia nummularia	moneywort	Regular dominant of riparian wetlands in our areas, both in sun and shade.	1
-	Lythrum salicaria	purple loosestrife	This species forms monocultures in wetlands and is a species of national concern. Although not yet widespread, populations have been found in Amazon Creek and Willamette River and appear to be expanding.	1, 2, 3, 4
	Melissa officinalis	lemon balm	Widespread weed in native prairies and openings in woods.	1
	Mentha pulegium	Mentha pulegium	Forms large monocultures in emergent wetlands in West Eugene, displacing native wetland plants.	1
	Myriophyllum spicatum	Eurasian watermilfoil	Includes water-milfoils. Myriophyllum aquaticum (M. brasiliense; parrot's feather) and M. spicatum (Eurasian milfoil) are common aquatic species in waterways and ponds throughout Eugene.	1, 2, 3, 4
	Myosotis scorpioides	common forget-me-not	Can dominate forest understories, especially openings and on edges.	1
	Myriophyllum ssp.	parrot's feather, et. al.	This genus of floating aquatic plants includes the water milfoils. Myriophyllum aquaticum (parrot's feather) is the major offender, and Myriophyllum spicatum (Eurasian milfoild) is also very damaging.	1
	Phalaris aquatica	Harding grass	This wetland species is found in slightly drier conditions than P. arundinacea. While populations are not yet as widespread as P. arundinacea, populations are rapidly expanding.	1, 3, 4
	Phalaris arundinacea	reed canarygrass	This species forms dense monocultures and is one of the most widespread species in all types of wetlands	1, 3, 4

		throughout Eugene. It permanently and dramatically effects ecosystems where it has become established. This species is still sold commercially.	
Polygonum cuspidatum (and related species and hybrids)	Japanese knotweed	This species forms riparian monocultures. This species is not yet common in Eugene but populations are becoming more common and larger. It is already a significant problem in the Portland and Seattle areas. Avoid all the large knotweeds.	1, 2, 3
Populus alba	white poplar	This species spreads rapidly via suckers and is difficult to remove once established. It also quickly becomes a hazard tree as the brittle branches are prone to breakage. This species is found is several City parks including Alton Baker Park.	3
Prunus avium	sweet cherry	This species is spread by birds into forested areas and is a quite common understory invader in forested areas throughout Eugene.	1, 3, 4
Prunus cerasifera	thundercloud plum	Grafted species and rootstocks that sucker and flower, produce fruit which is spread easily by birds. This species is appearing in prairie areas in West Eugene and woodland edges throughout town.	1
Prunus	plum	Not as invasive as P. avium.	1
domestica			1
Prunus laurocerasus	English laurel	This common hedge evergreen is spread by birds and appears regularly in forested understories, especially at Skinner Butte, Morse Ranch, and Hendricks Park.	1, 3
Prunus	English laurel Portugal laurel	appears regularly in forested understories, especially	
Prunus laurocerasus Prunus	-	appears regularly in forested understories, especially at Skinner Butte, Morse Ranch, and Hendricks Park.  Similar to P. laurocrasus, this species appears	1, 3
Prunus laurocerasus Prunus lusitanica	Portugal laurel	appears regularly in forested understories, especially at Skinner Butte, Morse Ranch, and Hendricks Park.  Similar to P. laurocrasus, this species appears regularly in forest understories.  Birds spread seeds of this species, which is common in the understories of forested areas and woodland	1, 3
Prunus laurocerasus  Prunus lusitanica  Prunus mahaleb  Pueraria montana var.	Portugal laurel	appears regularly in forested understories, especially at Skinner Butte, Morse Ranch, and Hendricks Park.  Similar to P. laurocrasus, this species appears regularly in forest understories.  Birds spread seeds of this species, which is common in the understories of forested areas and woodland edges throughout town.  While populations have not been found in Eugene, two occurrences have been noted in the Willamette Valley. This species has devastated plant communities	1, 3
Prunus laurocerasus  Prunus lusitanica  Prunus mahaleb  Pueraria montana var. lobata	Portugal laurel mahaleb cherry kudzu	appears regularly in forested understories, especially at Skinner Butte, Morse Ranch, and Hendricks Park.  Similar to P. laurocrasus, this species appears regularly in forest understories.  Birds spread seeds of this species, which is common in the understories of forested areas and woodland edges throughout town.  While populations have not been found in Eugene, two occurrences have been noted in the Willamette Valley. This species has devastated plant communities in southern and eastern states.  Birds eat fruits and spread plants into prairies. P.	1, 3 1 3

Ranunculus ficaria	lesser celandine	Highly invasive in Hendricks Park and Mt. Pisgah Arboretum. Once established populations are extremely difficult to control.	1
Ranunculus repens	creeping buttercup	This species is allelopathic. It forms large monocultures, especially in moist areas. It is common in many of our parks including Tugman Park.	1
Robinia pseudoacacia	black locust	Widely escaped east of Cascades, beginning to naturalize on West Side (Portland area, Benton County, Lane County.) This species can form woodland monocultures.	1, 3
Rorippa nasturtium- aquaticum	watercress	Chokes out small waterways on the valley floor.	1, 3
Rosa eglanteria	sweet-briar	This species easily invades prairie areas and is common throughout town especially in West Eugene.	1, 3
Rosa multiflora	multiflowered rose	This species, similar to R. eglantaria, is a common problem in west Eugene wetlands and Fern Ridge Wildlife Area.	1
Rubus armeniacus (discolor)	Himalaya or Armenian blackberry	One of the most widespread exotic species in the Pacific Northwest. Populations are well established in all plant communities throughout Eugene.	1, 3, 4
Rubus laciniatus	evergreen blackberry	Not as invasive as R. armeniacus, but still forms dense clumps.	1, 3
Sorbus aucuparia	European mountain-ash	Appearing in west Eugene wetlands and uplands. Birds spread seed.	1, 3
Ulex europeaus	gorse	A massive problem on the OR coast, now beginning to appear in the Willamette Valley. Extremely difficult to remove.	1
Vinca major	periwinklę; vinca	Mostly near old homesites they appear to spread vegetatively only. Completely dominates understories.	1
Vinca minor	periwinkle; vinca	Mostly near old homesites they appear to spread vegetatively only. Completely dominates understories.	1, 3

#### References:

- 1. Invasive Gardening and Landscaping Plants of the Southern Willamette Valley, Native Plant Society of Oregon, Emerald Chapter, updated April 2002.
- 2. Oregon's Quarantine Against Noxious Weeds, Oregon Department of Agriculture, from http://www.oda.state.or.us/Plant/Weed\_control/NoxWeedQuar.pdf accessed on 04/10/02.
- 3. Draft of Exotic Pest Plants of Greatest Ecological Concern in Oregon and Washington; May 23 1997, The Pacific Northwest Exotic Pest Council, from http://www.wnps.org/eppclet.html accessed on 04/10/02,
- 4. NW Oregon most harmful invasive plant species list: based on information provided at & before the October 10, 2001 meeting in Salem BLM, Bureau of Land Management, Salem District, 2001.
- 5. City of Eugene staff recommendation based on resources required to remove species from parks, open spaces and waterways.